1. Parish: Hacheston

Meaning: Haecoi's homestead/village

2. Hundred: Loes

Deanery: Loes

Union: Plomesgate

RDC/UDC: (E. Suffolk) Plomesgate Rd (1894–1934), Blyth RD (1934–

1974) Suffolk Coastal DC (1974–)

Other administrative details:

Abolished ecclesiastically pre 1813 to create Parham

with Hacheston

Framlingham Petty Sessional Division Woodbridge County Court District

3. Area: 1770 acres land, 9 acres water (1912)

4. Soils: Mixed:

a. Slowly permeable calcareous/non calcareous clay soils

slightly risk water erosion

b. Slowly permeable seasonally waterlogged fine loam

over clay soils

c. Deep fine loam soils, slowly permeable subsoils, slight

seasonal waterlogging. Fine loams over clay or with

sandy soils

5. Types of farming:

1086 10 acres meadow

Domesday vill of Glevering; 4 acres

meadow, 1 mill, 20 sheep

1500–1640 Thirsk: Wood-pasture region, mainly pasture,

meadow engaged in rearing and dairying with some pig keeping, horse breeding and poultry. Crops mainly barley with some wheat, rye, oats, peas, vetches, hops an

occasionally hemp

1818 Marshall: Course of crops varies including summer

fallow as preparation for corn products.

1937 Main crops: Wheat, roots, barley, hay, beans

1969 Trist: More intensive cereal growing and sugar

beet.

6. Enclosure:

7. Settlement:

1958/80 River Ore forms part of eastern boundary and River Deben

forms boundary to south and west Main A12 road crosses parish NE–S

Glevering Park occupies large proportion of western sector. Small ribbon type development in NE corner of parish spread along road to Parham. Church situated at southern extremity of

settlement at Lower Hacheston

Few scattered farms.

Inhabited houses: 1674 - 32, 1801 - 67, 1851 - 118, 1871 - 117, 1901 - 114, 1951 - 117, 1981 - 121

8. Communications:

Road: To Parham, Marlesford, Campsey Ash, Wickham Market and

Easton

1844 Coaches and carriers call at the Queens Head public house

on way to Ipswich and Norwich

1891 Carrier passes through to Ipswich Tuesday, Wednesday

Friday and Saturday

Rail: 1891 1 mile from Parham and Marlesford stations: Wickham

Market–Framlingham line opened 1859, closed for passengers

1952, closed for goods 1965

9. Population:

1086 – 52^{1/2} recorded. Domesday vill of Glevering 18 recorded

1327 - 27 taxpayers paid £1 16s. 4d.

1524 – 32 taxpayers paid £6 12s. 6d.

1603 - 176 adults

1674 – 34 households

1676 - Not recorded

1801 – 543 inhabitants

1831 - 549 inhabitants

1851 - 510 inhabitants

1871 - 476 inhabitants

1901 - 442 inhabitants

1931 - 361 inhabitants

1951 - 367 inhabitants

1971 – 348 inhabitants

1981 – 340 inhabitants

10. Benefice: Vicarage with Parham

1254	Valued £12
1291	Valued £13 6s. 8d.
1535	Valued £6 1s. $11^{1}/_{2}$ d
1603	Valued £6 5s.

Parsonage House 17th cent. + 1 acre land 1818–1820
Joint curate, stipend £124p.a. Glebe house unfit for occupation. Gross income (joint) £301p.a.
Rectorial tithes commuted for £278 12s. 6d. vicarial tithes £169 3s. 9d.
Joint net value £218. 7 acres glebe and residence. Incumbent resides in Parham.

Patrons: Edmond Warner (1603), Mrs White (1831), F Corrance (1891),

Old parsonage destroyed by bomb 1939–45

T.W. Rudwell (1912)

11. Church All Saints

(Chancel, Nave, S. Aisle, N. Porch, W. Tower)

Norman N. Doorway, N Windows of chancel c.1300 Windows in nave and chancel

14th cent. W. Tower 14/15 cent. Main structure

15/16 cent. S. Aisle, S. porch and S. arcade

1644 Puritanical Vandals (William Dowsing) at Hacheston and

Parham; lists 21 cherubim with wings in wood, 16 superstitious pictures, popish saints, double cross in church, representation of Trinity on font, spears and nails, 3 crosses in stone, 4 superstitious pictures in chancel and cross all in glass, steps to be leveled. All work to be done.

1883 Restoration

Seats: Not recorded

Note: Stocks remain in churchyard

Chapel: On Manor of Wikkelows called Rouses 1464

12. Nonconformity etc:

1597 Four persons do not receive communion

1606 One person did not receive communion at Easter

13. Manorial:

Hacheston Manor

11/12 th cent	Roger Bigot owns (linked to Charsfield and	
	Framlingham)	
-1616	Dukes of Norfolk as member and parcel of Framlingham	
1616	Thomas, Earl of Suffolk owns (linked to numerous	
	manors throughout Suffolk)	
1626	John Braham owns (linked to Blaxhall and Campsey Ash	
1757	John Rivett own (linked to Campsey Ash and	
	Crettingham)	

Lord Rendlesham owns (linked to Butley, Campsey Ash, Rendlesham, Boyton, Ramsholt and Capel St. Andrew) 1909

Sub-manors:

Glevering Hall

Brictmer under patronage of Edric	
1086 Manor of 40 acres belonging to Hervey of Bourages	
14 th Cent. Sir Gilbert de Peche owns	
1312 Abbot of Leiston owns	
c.1535 Charles Brandon owns (linked to numerous manors	
throughout Suffolk)	
1560 Thomas Seckford owns (linked to numerous manors	
throughout Suffolk)	
1561 John Bull owns (linked to Campsey Ash)	
1682 Chavering Radoliffe owns	
1744 Thomas Thurston Whimper owns	
1791 Chaloner Arcedeckne owns (linked to Kettleburgh)	
1839 Sir Charles Andrew Venneck owns	
1909 Arthur Heywood owns (linked to Chillesford)	

Cannel's/Wicklows

1286	Roger Wicklow owns
1307	Roger Bigot seized (probably annexed to main manor)
1428	Sir Andrew Butler owns
mid 15 th cent	Reginald Rous owns
1537	Thomas Derehaugh owns
c.1635	Sir Robert Nauton owns(linked to Hoo, Kettleburgh,
	Hasketon, Chelsworth and Kettlebaston)
1681	John Corrance owns (linked to Rendlesham)

Blowvile's

13 th cent.	Henry Blonvyle owns
1398	Campsey Priory owns
1543	Sir William Willoughby owns (linked to Blaxhall and
	Campsey Ash)
1544	John Rosier owns
1607	Jeffrey Langrey owns
1790	Nathaniel Barthropp owns
c.1826	William Henry, earl of Rochford owns
c.1831	Duke of Hamilton and Brandon owns (linked to Gt.
	Glenham, Easton, Hoo, kettleburgh and Letheringham)

14. Markets/Fairs:

Grant of market and fairs 1226

Fair held on November 12th/13th (for boots, shoes, upholstery and joyners) 1779, abolished 1872

15. Real property:

1844	£2327 rental value
1891	£2528 rateable value
1912	£2242 rateable value

16. Land ownership:

1844	Andrew Arcedeckne, principal owner
1891	Lady Huntingfield and Duke of Hamilton, principal owners
1912	A. Heywood and the Marchioness if Graham, principal
	owners.

17. Resident gentry:

1712	Francis Coleman, Sheriff of Suffolk
1844	Andrew Arcedeckne
1891	R. Kerrison, JP
1912	A. Heywood DL, JP

18. Occupations:

1500- 1549	1 yeoman
1550-1599	2 tanners, 2 yeomen, 2 twill weavers, 1 husbandman
1600–1649	2 tanners, 1 blacksmith, 6 yeomen, 1 twill weaver, 1 husbandman, 2 carpenters, 1 glover
1650–1699	1 spinster, 4 yeomen, 1 twill weaver, 1 weaver, 1 minister, 1 glover
1831	97 in agriculture, 15 in retail trade, 6 in labouring, 18 in domestic service, 4 others
1844	Sweep/beerhouse keeper, malster, chimney sweep, vet/victualler, bricklayer, 2 teachers, coachmaker/ wheelwright, 2 blacksmiths, 5 boot/ shoemakers, corn miller, 6 farmers, 3 grocers/drapers, 2 tailors
1912	Sub-postmistress, school teachers, insurance agent, gamekeeper, shoeing/general smith, 3 farmers, land agent, registrar, publican, draper/grocer, shopkeeper, gardener.

19. Education:

Bequest by Richard Porter for education of 12 poor boys 1701. This schoolhouse fell into decay and site disposed of 1838 gravel pit by 20th cent.

New school built 1825 by A. Acredeckne, 75 attended 1844

1818	1 endowed school (12 attend), 1 day school (20 girls
	attend), 1 Sunday school (80 attend)
1833	1 endowed school (44 attend, 21 free) 2 day schools (40
	attend) 1 daily school (20 girls attend), 1 Sunday school
	(76 attend) Church of England school built on site of
	previous school 1872, average attendance 1912 86,
	closed 1962, private house 1981. Children attend school

20. Poor relief:

1776	£71 9s. 7d.
1803	£147 3s. 1d.
1818	£763 18s.
1830	£372 7s.
1832	£375 9s.
1834	£444 1s.

at Parham 1962.

21. Charities:

Town Lands

1607 Workhouse + 14 acres let at £20/30pa applied to general causes

Porter's charity

by will of Richard Porter. Schoolhouse and cottage. £12 pa for education of 12 poor boys

Doles

£6 17s. applied to distribution of bread and money to poor.

22. Other institutions:

Village Hall in existence *c*.1942
Workhouse in existence 17th cent.
Town House and school recorded. Demolished *c*.1844
Friendly Society (51 members).

23. Recreation:

Beerhouse (The Angel) – site preserved in field name 'Angel Hill' 1981.

The Queen's Head public house 16/17th cent. – timber frame. Closed 1962, private house 1981.

The Bottle and Glass 17/19th cent. – beer drunk on opposite side of the road. Two small cottages 1981 Golf Course 1960s.

Bowling Green c.1939 became overgrown and built on *c*. 1942.

24. Personal:

'The Roser family at Hacheston', by Leslie Dow. PSIA Vol. XXIX, p.345.

25. Other information:

Glevering Hall:

Built 1792–94 for Chaloner Acredeckne, additions made 1834/35 including orangery. Used in file production of 'Akenfield'. Army occupations 1935 –1945, grain store 1945 –50, reconstructed 1981. Parish contains evidence of Roman industrial settlement. 'Archaeology of Roman Suffolk', by E. Moore, J Plouviez and S. West 1988. Roman road existed from Hacheston to Coddenham. Former Queen's Head public house 1974 has minor plasterwork in ceilings *c*.1600.

Evidence of pottery, iron and bronze workings 3rd/4th cent. Glevering Hall: surrounded by park of 300 acres 1908, moated site. 'Wisteria Cottage' 1961 known as Malting House 1839 and Maulting House and Smiths Shop 1674 believed built *c*.1541, restored 1961, antique shop 1981. PSIA Vol. XXIX, p354.

'Suffolk Courts in English: Glevering in Hacheston 1399–1480)'. PSIA Vol XX p199; records existence of Fulling Mill and fullers—medowe. Site occupied by Mill House and golf course 1981.

'Hacheston and Glevering: Deben Valley Place Names 1977.

Brick kilns owned by Nathaniel Barthrop 18th cent.

Grevfriars House: former Reading room 19th cent.

Fair field: encroached on by recent development 1981.

Records of Hemplands and Hopyards, decoys and decoy field, gallows hill 1791.

The Chestnuts: 18th cent. conversion of maltings granary.