1. **Parish: Hopton**

Meaning: Homestead/settlement in a valley or settlement in the

midst of fens

2. **Hundred:** Blackbourn

> Deanery: Blackburne (-1932), Ixworth (1972-)

Union: Thetford

(W. Suffolk) Brandon RD (1894-1935), Thingoe RD RDC/UDC:

(1935–1974), St Edmundsbury DC (1974–)

Other administrative details:

Blackbourn Petty Sessional Division Thetford County Court District

3. Area: 1,397 acres (1912)

4. Soils:

> Mixed: a. Deep fine loam soils with slowly permeable subsoils

> > and slight seasonal waterlogging. Some fine/coarse loam over clay. Some deep well drained coarse loam

over clay, fine loam and sandy soils

b. Deep well drained sandy soils, some very acid especially under heath or woodland. Risk wind erosion c. Deep permeable sand and peat soils affected by ground-water. Risk of winter flooring and wind erosion

near river.

5. Types of farming:

1086 4 acres meadow, wood for 2 pigs, 1 mill 1283

340 quarters to crops (2,720 bushels), 72

head horse, 243 cattle, 45 pigs, 305 sheep*

1500-1640 Thirsk: Wood pasture region, mainly pasture.

> meadow, engaged in rearing and dairying with some pig-keeping, horse-breeding and poultry. Crops mainly barley with some wheat, rye, oats, peas, vetches, hops and

occasionally hemp

Also has similarities with sheep-corn region where sheep are main fertilizing agent, bred

for fattening, barley main cash crop.

1818 Marshall: Wide variations of crop and management

> techniques including summer fallow in preparation for corn and rotation of turnip barley, clover, wheat on lighter lands.

1937 Main crops: Wheat, roots, barley, hay

1969 Trist: More intensive cereal growing and sugar

beat

* 'A Suffolk Hundred in 1283', by E. Powell 1910. Concentrates on Blackbourn Hundred. Gives land usage, livestock and the taxes paid.

6. Enclosure:

1827 517 acres enclosed under Private Act of Lands, 1826

7. Settlement:

1958 Compact development along line of Barningham-

Garboldisham road. Some development also extends along road to Kneetishall. Church situated to south of main settlement. Secondary settlement at Fen Street. Little Ouse river forms natural parish and county boundary to the north. Airfield intrudes

into parish in western sector.

Few scattered farms.

Inhabited houses: 1674 – 49, 1801 – 63, 1851 – 142, 1871 – 137,

1901 - 118, 1951 - 135, 1981 - 184

8. Communications:

Roads: Roads to Garboldisham, Market Weston,

Barningham, TheInetham and Knettishall 1844 Carriers to Norwich on Monday and Thursday, to Bury St Edmunds on Wednesday

and Saturday, to Diss on Friday

1891/1912 Carrier to Bury St. Edmunds on

Wednesday and Saturday

1891/1912 Carrier to Thetford on Friday

Water: Little Ouse River, made navigable by Acts

designed to improve navigation 1670 although there is some evidence to suggest the river was

used for trade purposes earlier than this.

Declined due to rail transport and general silting

of the river c.1850's

Air: Knettishall airfield, built (1942-43), designed as

Class 'A' heavy bomber station for USAF. Reverted to RAF (1945), closed (1957)

9. Population:

1086 - 28 recorded

1327 – 35 taxpayers paid £2. 18s.

1524 – 64 membrane illegible

1603 – 160 adults

1662 - 52 householders paid £6. 2s.*

1674 – 71 households

1676 - 86 adults

1801 - 433 inhabitants

1831 – 581 inhabitants

1851 – 674 inhabitants

1871 – 604 inhabitants

1901 - 488 inhabitants

1931 - 417 inhabitants

1951 - 426 inhabitants

1971 - 438 inhabitants

1981 - 524 inhabitants

10. Benefice: Rectory (1831) Discharged Rectory (1844)

1254	Valued £10.
1291	Valued £13. 6s. 8d.
1341	Valued £13. 8s. 4d.
1535	Valued £13. 4s.
	Parsonage house unfit for residence (1818)
1831	Glebe house. Gross income £284 p.a. Incumbent also
	holds Rectory of Bunwell, Norfolk
	Valued £384 (1835)
	Rent charge of £270 p.a. in lieu of tithes (1846)
	Rent charge of £281. 1s. 6d. in lieu of tithes. 31 acres
	glebe, gross income £33. (1887)
1891	Good residence + 32 acres 2P glebe. Receives rent
	charge of £50 from 100 acres in Thelnetham
1912	Nett value £195 p.a. 32 acres glebe and residence

Patrons: The Crown (1831), Lord Chancellor (1891)

11. Church All Saints

(Chancel, nave, aisles, S. Porch, W. tower)

1086 Church + 13 acres free land in alms

12th cent. Tower arch.

Late 13th S. aisle, chancel (circa 1300)

cent.

14th cent. Main structure with 15th cent. Addition

Tower (14th cent.), modern upper section (circa 18th cent.)

1870 Restoration

Note: Coping to churchyard wall contains fragments of old

spire which blew down (date unknown)

Seats: 200 appropriated, 150 free (1875)

^{* &#}x27;The Hearth Tax Return for the Hundred of Blackbourn 1662', transcribed by S. Colman. PSIA Vol. XXXII part 2, p.168.

12. Nonconformity etc:

1606 1 person negligent in receiving communion

1676 6 nonconformists

1707-1835 4 houses set aside for worship

Chapel established in former liquor warehouse (1824)

Quaker burial ground existed in parish circa 1739-1859 when

it was disposed of by 99 year lease.

Wesleyan chapel built (1836) Primitive Methodist chapel built

1891 Plymouth Brethren have meeting room

13. Manorial:

1086 Estates owned by Abbot of St. Edmunds but not as

manor

1345 Thomas de Lovayne died seised

1365 Sir William Bourchier owns (linked to Shelland)

John Cockett died seised (linked to Knettishall and Lt.

Livermere)

Late 16th Sir Robert Drury owns (linked to Somerton, Cockfield,

cent. Chedbugh and Barnham)

1826 Thomas Thornhill owns (linked to Hepworth and

Knettishall)

1905 William Needham Langden Champion of Riddlesworth

Hall owns (linked to Knettishall)

14. Markets/Fairs:

15. Real property:

1844 £1,389 rental value 1891 £1,796 rateable value 1912 £1,606 rateable value

16. Land ownership:

1844 T. Thornhill and J. Goodrich + small owners 1891 Sir T. Thornhill and C. Goodrich + small owners

1912 W.N.L. Champion, principal owner

17. Resident gentry:

1680 1 gent

1891 Rev. O.G. Young MA 1912 Rev. H.E. Roberts MA

18. Occupations:

1500-1549 2 husbandmen, 1 carpenter, 1 tailor

	weaver
1600-1649	14 yeomen, 5 linen weavers, 7 husbandmen, 2 labourers,
	1 miller, 1 cordwainer, 1 tailor, 1 shearman*, 2 weavers, 1
	grocer, 1 spinster
1650-1699	13 yeomen, 3 linen weavers, 1 husbandman, 1 miller, 2
	cordwainers, 1 blacksmith, 1 carpenter, 1 baker, 1
	cooper, 1 wheelwright, 1 grocer, 1 spinster
	*Shearman – one who cuts woollen cloth
1831	68 in agriculture, 38 in retail trade, 5 professional, 28 in
	domestic service, 14 others
1844	Miller/baker, corn and seed merchant/maltster,
	cloth/watch make, land agent, blacksmith, vet, solicitor,
	wheelwright, gardener, cooper, surgeon, machine maker,

thatcher, cook/confectioner, toy dealer, plumber/glazier, schoolmaster, butcher, 3 inn keepers, 6 boot/shoemakers, 4 bricklayers, 3 carpenters, 2 collar/harness makers, 7 farmers, 2 grocers/drapers, 2 shopkeepers, 4 tailors

4 yeomen, 3 husbandmen, 1 blacksmith, 1 collar maker, 1

Sub-postmaster, fire brigade (compliment of Capt. And 5 men), police officer, 2 schoolmistress, 2 threshing machine owners, 2 shopkeepers, 4 publicans, tailor farm bailiff, 2 blacksmiths, grocer/draper/wine merchant/hardware and general house furnisher, 2 solicitors, carrier, harness maker, chimney sweep, boot maker/hairdresser, baker, 4 farmers, grocer, surgeon, grocer/draper, 2 butchers, miller, market gardener, hawker, carpenter, plumber/painter insurance agent C.E. Petoh & Sons (fleet of buses) established (1922)

19. Education:

1550-1599

1833	4 daily schools (66 attend), 1 Sunday school (87 attend)
1944	schoolmaster listed
	National school built (1855), enlarged (1898) average
	attendance (!912) 90, closed (1972). Building converted
	to dwelling house

20. Poor relief:

spent on poor relief	£52. 7s.	1776
spent on poor relief	£67. 8s. 6d.	1803
spent on poor relief	£535. 3s.	1818
spent on poor relief	£422. 17s.	1830
spent on poor relief	£548. 10s.	1832
spent on poor relief	£459. 16s.	1834

21. **Charities:**

Town Estate:

1827 20 acres awarded at enclosure let at £16 p.a.

> One third applied to church use, residue expended, together with 6s. 8d. from Mr.

Thornhill's farm, on behalf of poor.

22. Other institutions:

Guild of St. Peter and All Saints (1525)

Guild of St. Peter of Nethergate alias Northgate

(1473)

2 Friendly Societies (72 members) 1803 Fire Engine kept at the Commercial Inn 1891

Town House sold and new workhouse built

(circa 1792)

Police officer listed 1912

Fire Brigade of capt. and 5 men. Disbanded (1940)

Ancient Order of Foresters

Recreation: 23.

1739	The Chequers public house recorded, closed
	The Greyhound public house recorded (1737)
	began life on different site, closed
1761	The Cherry Tree or The Cherry Tree and Fen
	public house recorded, occupied site of The
	Greyhound
1790	The Commercial Inn recorded
1820	The Bell public house recorded in 1710 is renamed
	The Vine by 1820
1926	Football Club

24. Personal:

Thomas Remond: (d.1680) memorial is in Hopton Church. 1st sole Keeper of the Papers of State and Council to King Charles II in Whitehall. Nephew of the Hon. Sir William Boswell

25. Other information:

'Hopton Happenings' edited by R.D. Gadsby contains some field names from map of 1741

Hopton Fen designated site of Special Scientific Interest by Nature Conservancy

'Hopton Lights' compesed by Frank Hart (the blacksmith) (late 19th cent.)

War memorial erected in churchyard (1919)

Parish wins Suffolk Community Council's Best Kept Village competition (1984)

Village Hall built (circa 1960's)

Hopton Spoorts Days held (circa 1939)

Hopton Hall built circa 1825

Wall surrounding church yard constructed in part by materials from church spire which was demolished (date unknown)

Archaeological Sites:

Scatter finds: Med. pottery (CRN 7446, 7447, 2515)

Neo. flint axe and bone implement (CRN 7448)

Rom. coin and pottery (CRN 2511)

Sax. pottery (CRN 2514)