1. Parish: Leavenheath (formerly part of Stoke-by-Nayland)

Meaning: Leowine's Heath

- 2. Hundred: Babergh
 - **Deanery:** Sudbury (1863–1864), Sudbury (Western) 1864–1884, Hadleigh (1914–)

Union: Cosford

RDC/UDC: (W. Suffolk) Melford RD (-1974), Babergh DC (1974-)

Other administrative details:

Chapelry in Stoke by Nayland Separate civil parish status 1952 (includes part of Assington, Nayland with Wiston and Polstead Separate ecclesiastical parish status 1863 (includes Assington, Wissington and Polstead) Boxford Petty Sessional Division Sudbury County Court

- 3. Area:
- 4. Soils:

Mixed: a. Deep fine loam over clay and clay soils with slowly permeable subsoils and slight seasonal waterlogging. Calcareous subsoils in places
b. Coarse loam and sandy soils, locally flinty and in places over gravel. Slight risk of soil erosion.
c. Clay soils, in places calcareous, variety affected by groundwater

5. Types of farming:

1500–1640	Thirsk:	Wood-pasture region, mainly pasture, meadow. Engaged in rearing and dairying with some pig keeping, horse breeding and poultry. Crops mainly barley with some wheat, rye, oats, peas, vetches, hops and occasionally hemp
1818	Marshall:	Course of crops varies usually including summer Fallow as preparation for corn products
1937 1969	Main crops: Trist:	

6. Enclosure:

7. Settlement:

1953 Small compact development near Methodist chapel. Church appears isolated. Secondary development at Harrow Street. Scattered farms

Inhabited houses: 1981 – 242

8. Communications:

Road: To Stoke by Nayland, Assington, Nayland and Boxford

Rail:1891: 4½ miles Bures station: Sudbury–Marks Tey line, opened
1849, closed for goods 1964, closed for passengers 1967

9. Population:

1951 – 329 inhabitants 1971 – 435 inhabitants 1981 – 723 inhabitants

- 10. Benefice: Vicarage
 - 1912: Valued at £80 p.a. 2 acres of glebe with residence

Patrons: Vicar of Stoke by Nayland (1873), Crown (1912)

11.Church:St Matthew
(Chancel, nave, S. aisle, N.porch, W. tower and turret)
Church built,
Enlarged 1882
Seats: 200 (1873)

12. Nonconformity etc.:

Primitive Methodist chapel 1908

- 13. Manorial:
- 14. Markets/Fairs:
- 15. Real property:

Not recorded

16. Land ownership:

1891	Sir J.T. Rowley, Assington Estate and others, principal
	owners
1912	Sir Joshua Thellusson Rowley, principal owner

17. Resident gentry:

18. Occupations:

1912 Sub–postmistress, teacher, 9 farmers, 2 publicans, miller, 2 shopkeepers, thatchers, baker

19. Education:

National school built 1855, rebuilt 1874 for 78 pupils Average attendance 1912 51

20. Poor relief:

21. Charities:

22. Other institutions:

Village Hall built 1927 New village hall opened 1984

23. Recreation:

1891	3 public houses
1912	2 public houses
	Young Wives Club, Women's Institute, Art Club 20 th
	cent.

24. Personal:

25. Other information:

Windmill demolished 1925.

Art Gallery established in converted grain store 1972.