1. Parish: Little Glemham

Meaning: Meadow/enclosure by River Glem or Merry enclosure

(Ekwall)

2. Hundred: Plomesgate

Deanery: Orford (-1914), Saxmundham (1914-)

Union: Plomesgate

RDC/UDC: (E. Suffolk) Plomesgate RD (1894-1934), Blyth RD (1934-

1974), Suffolk Coastal DC (1974-)

Other administrative details:

Abolished ecclesiastically (1803) to create Great Glemham with Little Glemham

Framlingham Petty Sessional Division

Framlingham and Saxmundham County Court District

3. Area: 1,277 acres land, 8 acres water (1912)

4. Soils:

Mixed: a) Deep, fine loam soils, slowly permeable subsoils,

slight seasonal waterlogging. Fine loams over clay or

with sandy soils

b) Deep peat soils associated with clay over sandy soils,

in part very acid. High groundwater levels, risk of

flooding

5. Types of farming:

1086 $4\frac{1}{2}$ acres meadow

1500–1640 Thirsk: Sheep corn region, where sheep are main

fertilizing agent, bred for fattening. Barley main cash crop. Also has similarities with wood-pasture region with pasture, meadow,

dairying and some pig-keeping.

1818 Marshall: Management varies with condition of sandy

soils. Rotation usually turnip, barley, clover, wheat or turnips as preparation for corn and

grass.

1937 Main crops: Oats, peas, wheat, roots, barley, some

pasture

1969 Trist: Barley and sugar beet are the main crops

with some rye grown on poorer lands and a little wheat, herbage seeds and carrots

6. Enclosure:

7. Settlement:

1983 River Ore forms natural boundary to south.

Small compact development on edge of Glemham Park.

Church situated within the Park.

Inhabited houses: 1674 – 20, 1801 – 41, 1851 – 68, 1871 – 68, 1901

-60, 1951 - 67, 1981 - 62

8. Communications:

Road: Roads to Stratford St. Andrew, Marlesford and Blaxhall

1844 Coach and carriers pass through to Ipswich and

Yarmouth

1891 carrier passes through to Woodbridge and Ipswich on

Monday and Thursday

Rail: 1891 1 mile Marlesford station: Wickham Market –

Framlingham line opened (1859), closed for

passengers (1952), closed for goods (1965)

Water: River Ore

9. Population:

1086 — 4 recorded (includes Domesday vill of Beversham)

1327 — 30 taxpayers paid £1. 18s. 10d. (includes Stratford)

1524 — 22 taxpayers paid £4. 5s. 10d.

1603 — 84 adults

1674 — 30 households

1676 — Not recorded

1801 — 319 inhabitants

1831 — 361 inhabitants

1851 — 318 inhabitants

1871 — 268 inhabitants

1901 — 243 inhabitants

1931 — 227 inhabitants

1951 — 210 inhabitants

1971 — 199 inhabitants

1981 — 164 inhabitants

10. Benefice: Rectory (with Great Glemham)

1254 Valued £6.

1291 Valued £3. 6s. 8d.

Portion to Abbot of Colchester 10s.

£3. 16s. 8d.

1535 Valued £6.

1603 Valued £6. Incumbent also holds Dallinghoo.

1831 Glebe house. Joint gross income £329 p.a. Incumbent

also holds rectory of Marlesford. Rectory house built (circa 1844)

1844 6 acres glebe. Tithes commuted for £305 p.a.
1912 Joint nett value £250. 7 acres glebe and residence.

Patrons:

Sir Henrie Glemham (1603), Hon. Mrs. North (1831), Earl of Guilford (1891)

11. Church St. Andrew

(Chancel, nave, transepts, south porch, west tower)

1086 Probably included among the churches mentioned under

Great Glemham.

Norman North doorway 14/15th cent. Main structure

18th cent. Brick chancel, gothicized (19th cent,)

1858 Restoration

1884 Organ chamber added

Seats: 150 (1915)

12. Nonconformity etc:

1597 Incumbent does not wear surplice

13. Manorial:

Glemham Parva

13th cent. Sir William de Kerdeston owns

1355 Bartholomew Burghersh, Lord Berghersh owns (linked to

Campsey Ash, Carlton Colville, Clopton, Henley and

Swilland)

Circa 1369 Sir John Phelip owns (linked to Kettlebaston)

1545 Sir Richard Fulmerston owns (linked to Cretingham.

Elveden and Brundish)

Circa 1549 Christopher Glemham owns 1855 Hon. Sophia North owns

1909 Frederick George North, 8th Earl of Guildford owns

Sub-Manors:

Beversham Manor

Domesday vill of Beversham:

1066 Manor of 60 acres held by Aelfric under patronage of

Abbot of Ely.

1086 Manor of 60 acres belonging to Hervey of Boulges

14th cent. William Phelip owns

16th cent. Sir John Glemham owns (linked to Farnham)

(subsequently absorbed by main manor)

Over Pistrie/Petistre-cum-Armigers

Circa 1513 Sir John Glemham owns (subsequently absorbed by main

manor)

14. Markets/Fairs

15. Real property:

1844	£1,545 rental value
1891	£1,919 rateable value
1912	£1,441 rateable value

16. Land ownership:

hon. Sophia North, sole owner 1891/1912 Earl of Guildford, principle owner

17. Resident gentry:

1674	Lady Glemham occupies house with 22 hearths
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1679 Thomas Glemham

Glemham: Chaloner Arcedeckne, High Sheriff of Suffolk

(1797)

Hon. Mrs. Sophia North and Rev. R.M. White MA

1891 Rev. W. Hooper MA and Lady North

1912 Rev. E.S. King MA

18. Occupations:

1550-1599	2 husbandmen, 1 labourer, 1 glover
1600-1649	2 yeomen, 3 husbandmen, 1 inn holder
1650-1699	3 yeomen, 1 sack cloth weaver, 1 clerk

1831 55 in agriculture, 18 in retail trade, 2 professionals, 13 in

domestic service, 7 others

House steward, butcher, schoolmistress, blacksmith,

wine/spirit/porter merchant, grocer/draper, corn miller, boot/shoemaker, wheelwright, tailor, victualler, 3 farmers

1912 Sub-postmaster, schoolmistress, estate carpenter,

gamekeeper, grocer/draper, pork butcher, blacksmith, 2

farmers, gardener, miller, publican

19. Education:

1833	2 daily schools (38 attend)
1844	School mistress recorded

School housed in thatched brick building (65 attend)

Public Elementary school built (1855), average

attendance (1912) 55

20. Poor relief:

1776	£56. 9s. 3d.	spent on poor relief
1803	£279. 10s. 5d.	spent on poor relief
1818	£360. 1s.	spent on poor relief
1830	£371. 18s.	spent on poor relief
1832	£351. 10s.	spent on poor relief
1834	£355. 1s.	spent on poor relief

21. Charities:

House built by the Glemham family (18th cent.) for use of

poor let at £10 p.a. which is applied with the poor rate.

22. Other institutions:

23. Recreation:

1642 Inn holder recorded

1844/1891 The Red Lion public house 1912 The Lion public house

24. Personal:

Sir Thomas Glemham (17th cent.) fought as Royalist in Civil Wars,

governor of York, defended Carlisle, imprisoned after the war and exiled to Holland where he died (1649). Remains interred within the parish church of Little Glemham.

'Sir Thomas Glemham of Little Glemham Hall'.

Occasional Papers on 17th cent. Studies. Series 1 No.3(a)

(1988)

North family: Earls of Guildford

Sir Dudley North, Sheriff of London (1683)

'North's Lives' 3 volumes (1826)

Autobiography of Hon. Roger North. Edited by A. Jessop

(1887)

'Honourable actions of Edward Glemham' (1591) Suffolk Tracts Vol.2

25. Other information:

Glemham Hall: red brick mansion built (circa 1715-25), rebuilding of Tudor House. Contains rainwater heads (1717, 1722). Contains portions of original Elizabethan house. The interior still possesses original panelling (circa 1725), upper rooms contain Elizabethan panelling.

'Manuscripts preserved at Glemham Hall'. Historical Manuscripts
Commission Vol. IV p.175 (1907)
Among these is the warrant for sentencing on Lord
William Russell for high treason. This commutes his
sentence to simple decapitation.

'Bishop Wren and his candidates for confirmation at little Glemham' (1636). East Anglian Notes and Queries New Series Vol. VII p.129.

Archaeological Sites

Med. moated site (CRN 2424)