1. Parish: Reydon

Meaning: Rye hill

2. Hundred: Blything

Deanery: Dunwich (–1868), Dunwich (North) (1868–1914), N.

Dunwich (1914–1972), Halesworth (1972–)

Union: Blything

RDC/UDC: (E Suffolk) Blything RD (1894–1934), Lothingland RD

(1934–1974), Waveney DC (1974)

Other administrative details:

Included Chapelry of Southwold. Separate civil parish status early. Some parochial rights since 15th cent.,

separate ecclesiastical parish status 1752

Blything Petty Sessional Division Halesworth County Court District

3. Area: 2,729 acres (1912)

4. Soils:

Mixed: a. Deep well-drained sandy soils, some very acid, risk of

wind erosion.

b. Deep stoneless, mainly calcareous, clay soils, flat land,

risk of flooding by river.

5. Types of farming:

1086 Wood for 60 pigs,1 cob, 5 cattle, 30 pigs, 110

sheep, 15 goats

1500–1640 Thirsk: Sheep-corn region, sheep main fertilising agent,

bred for fattening. Barley main cash crop.

1818 Marshall: Management varies with condition of sandy soils.

Rotation usually turnip, barley, clover, wheat or

turnips as preparation for corn and grass.

1937 Main crops: Wheat, barley, oats, turnips.

1969 Trist: Barley and sugar beet are the main crops with

some rye grown on poorer lands and a little wheat,

herbage seeds and carrots.

6. Enclosure:

1800 504 acres enclosed under Private Act of Lands 1798

7. Settlement:

1976 River Blyth, Wolseys Creek and Buss Creek form natural boundaries to south. Associated wet lands restrict development in this area. Marshland to north similarly restricts development. Large compact development to north of Mights Bridge. Church situated separately to the west of development. Scattered farms

Inhabited houses: 1674 – 22, 1801 – 40, 1851 –71, 1871 – 66, 1901 – 106, 1951 – 448, 1981 – 862.

8. Communications:

Road: To Southwold, Eastern Bavents, South Cove, Wangford and

Blythburgh.

Rail: 1891 – 2 miles Southwold station: Southwold–Halesworth line,

opened 1879, closed 1929.

Water: River Blyth: navigable to Halesworth 1761, silted up. Remains

of wharf (possibly 13th cent.) at Wood's End Creek.

9. Population:

1086 – 62 recorded

1327 - 55 taxpayers paid £4 14s. $1^{1}/_{2}$ d. (includes Easton Bavents)

1524 - 30 taxpayers paid £3 1s. 1d.

1603 – Dangerous sickness in town: incumbent did not appear.

1674 – 24 households

1676 - Not recorded

1801 – 317 inhabitants

1831 – 338 inhabitants

1851 – 337 inhabitants

1871 – 275 inhabitants

1901 - 453 inhabitants

1931 – 981 inhabitants

1951 – 1,447 inhabitants

1971 - 2,136 inhabitants

1981 – 2,204 inhabitants

10. Benefice: Vicarage

1254	Valued £13 6s. 8d. (includes Southwold)
1291	Valued £17 6s. 8d.
	To vicar in same £6 13s. 4d .(probably includes
	Southwold) £24 0s. 0d. ?£24 13s 4d
1535	Valued £13 6s. 8d. (includes Southwold)
1831	No glebe house. Gross income £220 pa
1844	Tithes commuted for £410 to the impropriator and £218
	pa to the vicar.
1891	Incumbent resides in Wangford
1912	Consolidated with Henham and Wangford. Joint nett
	value £175. 3 acres glebe and residence. Incumbent
	resides in Wangford.

Patrons: Earl of Stradbroke (1831 and 1912)

11. Church St Margaret

(Chancel, nave, south porch, west tower)

1086 2 churchs + 1 carucate land, valued 10s. c.1200 Appears granted to Wangford Priory

13th cent. Chancel 14th cent. Tower

15th cent. North aisle destroyed

1877 Restoration

1952 Foundations of north chapel discovered. Believed to be

14th cent. origins, destroyed c.16th cent. PSIA

Vol XXVI, p.58.

Seats: 150 (1915)

Chapel St Margaret de Rissemere (Rissemere being the former

name for Reydon

c.1200 Grant of the church of Reydon with the chapel of

Rissmere to Wangford Priory. Victoria County History Vol.

II, p.88.

11a Other religious institutions:

College	St Mary, St John Baptist and St Andrew
-	

Said to be founded by Sir John Wingfield.

c.1535 Valued at £50 3s. 5d. and granted to the Bishop of

Norwich. This, however, has been unsubstantiated from any other source except Raven Pamphlets Vol 20, No 7.

12. Nonconformity etc:

13. Manorial:

Reydon Manor

c.1205	Sir High de Cressy owns (linked to Gt Glemham and Thelnetham)
c.1276	William de Valence, Earl of Pembroke owns (linked to Westleton, Exning, Mutford and Offton).
1325	Lauranece de Hastings owns. Yearly value £51 18s. $3^{1}/_{2}d$.
c.1519	Charles Somerset, Earl of Worcester owns
1562	Francis Rous owns
1909	Earl of Stradbroke owns (linked to Sotherton, Stoven, Uggeshall, Wangford, Henham, Dennington, Tannington and Bruisyard).

Sub-manors:

Reydon Blevilis

Mid 16th cent. Sir George Somerset owns (linked to

Wickhambrook)

16th cent. Thomas Rous owns (becoming absorbed by main

manor)(linked to Burgh, Clopton and Cransford).

Reydon Wingfields/Reydon Ugghall

Nothing significant known and probably became absorbed into main manor.

14. Markets/Fairs

1310 Grant of market and fair.

15. Real property:

1844	£2,000 rental value
1891	£2,749 rateable value
1912	£4,407 rateable value

16. Land ownership:

1844/1891 Land sub-divided

1912 Earl of Stradbroke and Mrs Ewen principal owners.

17. Resident gentry:

1844	Mrs and Miss Elizabeth and Agnes Strickland
1891	Rev. J.N.F. Ewen MA and Rev. J.A. Patrick MA
1912	Rev. K. MacKinnon MA

1550–1599 1 yeoman, 1 labourer, 3 husbandmen

18. Occupations:

1000 1000	r yeeman, riabearer, e naebanamen
1600-1649	2 husbandmen
1650-1699	1 maltster, 1 carpenter, 2 yeomen
1831	59 in agriculture, 3 in retail trade, 3 professionals, 5 in
	labouring, 15 in domestic service, 1 other.
1844	Shopkeeper/shoemaker/victualer, blacksmith, 9 farmers.
1912	2 sub-postmasters, school teacher, hotel owner, 4
	shopkeepers, 9 farmers, farm bailiff, 4 apartment house
	owners, house decorator, engineer,
	builder/blacksmith/wheelwright, head mistress to girls
	school, dairyman.

19. Education:

1818	Some attend school in Southwold
1833	1 Sunday school, established 1827 (35 attend)
1866	National school built (30 attend in 1891)
1908	East Suffolk County Council School built, enlarged in
	1912 when average attendance was 161.
1912	St Felix School for Girls in existence.

20. Poor relief:

1776	£62 7s.
1803	£115 0s. ¹ / ₄ d.
1818	£277 15s.
1830	£258 7s.
1832	£257
1834	£333 8s.

21. Charities:

Church land

1840 4/5 acres let at £7–£8 pa applied to church repairs.

Poors allotments

1840 22 acres acquired on enclosure let at £18 pa laid out in coals.

Walter's dole

by will of Matthew Walters: 10s. pa (discontinued 1840)

22. Other institutions:

1908	'The Rest for the aged Poor of Southworld' built: 4
	cottages (housing for 8) arranged on 3 sides of
	quadrangel with central garden.
1472	Guilds of St Margaret and St Mary

23. Recreation:

1844	The Bear public house
1891	The Quay Inn public house
1912	The Randolph Hotel

24. Personal:

1844	Mrs and Miss Elizabeth and Agnes Strickland, residents
1796–1874	of Reydon Hall, authors of 'Queens of England' 'Agnes Strickland and her birthplace' by E.R. Cooper PSIA Vol XXIV, p.33.

25. Other information:

<i>c</i> .1200	Parish is reputedly site of ancient park. Water mill and dam at Reydon granted to Wangford Priory
1472	Pilgrimages made to an Image of St Remigius.
1684	Hall in the park taken down by Oliver Dave.
1747	Sluice for drainage of low lands constructed at Wolsey Bridge by Sir John Rous. Tradition says Cardinal Wolsey built this bridge but this is unsubstantiated.
1754	Described by Gardner as enjoying 'a market and a park, there being some lands still retaining the appellation of the market close with high, low and middle park pieces and park lane'.
1860	Reydon Hall alterations and additions. Reydon Hall east wing bears the date 1682. No date for rebuilding. Water mill and quay once existed near Wood's End Creek. Quay probably declined as Southwold gained domination. 'Wangford, Henham and Reydon Parochial Magazine', Raven Pamphlets Vol. 20, no7.